

## **SUBMISSION**

## RECOVERY PRINCIPLES – AUSTRALIAN MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

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## **General Comments:**

The Private Mental Health Consumer Carer Network (Australia) (hereafter The Network) appreciates the opportunity to provide comments on the recovery principles, as part of the recovery standard in the National Standards for Mental Health Services. The Network supports the development of recovery principles and believes that they will assist in the development of mental health services that support both the recovery journey of mental health consumers and the role of carers in this process.

It is essential that consumer and carer feedback is taken on board in this consultation process, to ensure that the concept of recovery that is adopted as part of the standards is well understood and accepted in the Australian context. Recovery is a term that means different things to different people with many reacting positively but others not always finding it a helpful or accurate term to describe their experience.

The Network believes that the realisation of recovery oriented service provision will require a change in attitudes and culture by those who deliver services. This will require the principles of recovery being incorporated into all applicable mental health standards, and not treated only as a stand alone standard. Also, the standard will need to show well developed implementation strategies (guidelines) to support the implementation of these principles and values by mental health services.

The Network makes the following general recommendations about the recovery principles:

• The principles should use consistent terminology in referring to the families/relatives and carers of consumers. The current references in the

principles are not consistent and may create confusion. The term 'carer' should be used where appropriate, as it is a well understood concept.

- The description of recovery in the preamble to the principles should include reference to recovery as an ongoing process or 'journey' and acknowledgement of the tension between this process and traditional clinical service delivery.
- The principles should include clearer acknowledgement of the role of carers in the recovery process and the journey that this involves both in their relationship with consumers as well as with their own quality of life.
- The principles should include acknowledgement of the challenges for mental health services to implement the cultural change that recovery requires.
- The principles should include a commitment to consumer participation in service planning, implementation and evaluation as part of a recovery approach to service delivery.

<b>Principles</b>	Suggested change(s)	Rationale for change
1. Individual	Recognises that recovery is not	Each individual will have a
uniqueness	necessarily about cure but is about	different view on what a
	living a meaningful and satisfying	meaningful and satisfying life
	life. Change to: Recognises that	looks like for them, and it is
	recovery is not necessarily about	important that assumptions
	cure but is about living a meaningful	are not made and that this
	and satisfying life as determined by	individual perspective forms
	each individual.	the basis of the recovery
		process.
2. Real choices		
3. Attitudes and	This principle should also include	This change ensures
Rights	reference to 'Putting consumers and	consistency with Principle 1:
	carers at the centre of the recovery	'Empowers individuals so
	process'.	they recognise that they are at
		the centre of the care they
		receive'.
4. Dignity and	Consists of being courteous,	The capacity of mental health
Respect	respectful and honest in all	workers to communicate with
	interactions. Change to: Consists of	empathy is identified by many
	being empathetic, courteous,	consumers and carers as a
	respectful and honest in all	significant positive factor in
	interactions.	their experience of care.
5. Partnership	1. Values the importance of sharing	The Network believes that the
and	appropriate information and the need	presumption should always be
Communication	to communicate clearly to enable	that information will be
	effective engagement. Change to:	shared with consumers and

Values the importance of sharing information to the greatest extent possible and the need to communicate clearly and empathetically to enable effective engagement and to facilitate effective choice.

carers to the greatest extent possible, while recognizing that there are circumstances in which full information sharing may not be appropriate.

2. Involves working in positive and realistic ways with individuals, their families and carers to help them realise their own hopes, goals and aspirations. **Change to:** Involves working in *hopeful*, positive, and realistic ways with individuals, their families and carers to help them realise their own hopes, goals and aspirations.

2. Consumers and carers identify a sense of hope as an essential part of the recovery process. This sense of hope needs to be grounded in reality i.e. a 'cure' may not be possible, but it is important for mental health services to actively support a 'realistically optimistic' sense of what is possible and in doing so, support hope as an essential part of the recovery process.

## 6. Evaluating Recovery

- 1. Individuals and their families can track their own progress. **Change to:** Individuals and their families and *carers* can track their own progress.
- 1. This change recognizes that not all carers are family members.
- 2. Services are seen to use the individual's experiences of care to inform quality improvement activities. **Change to:** Services are seen to use the individual's experiences of care *as the primary driver* to inform quality improvement activities.
- 2. The Network believes that consumers and carers experiences of care should be the primary driver of quality improvement, rather than just one of many considerations. Further the Network supports the roll out and implementation of a nationally consistent and routinely collected *Consumer Perspectives of Care* measure throughout public and private mental health sectors.
- 3. This principle should include reference to self-assessment measures as an essential part of
- 3. This is consistent with principle that recovery is unique for each person and

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evaluating recovery.	determined by them.